



DWR Update February 28, 2018 UNRBA PFC Meeting





DWR Update Topics

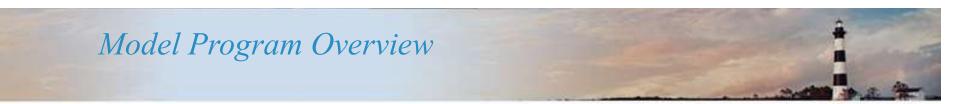
- Preservation & Urban Buffer Practices Rich Gannon & Trish D'Arconte
- Model Program Status and Schedule John Huisman
- Delivery Factors Trish D'Arconte
- Snap Tool Rollout Trish D'Arconte
- Jurisdictional Loads Trish D'Arconte & John Huisman
- Schedule Issues in Current Rules John Huisman



2013 Draft Model Program

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Key Elements of Model Program

- Required Elements of Local Programs
- Methods to Quantify Load Reduction Needs
 - Onsite Wastewater & Collections Systems Load Accounting
- Nutrient Practices & Credits Methods aka "Credits Catalog"
- Supporting Information
- Appendices



Model Program Status

• Required Elements of Local Program - needs updating

- Measures Feasibility & Implementation Plan
- Program Approval Standards
- Reference to Joint Compliance Approach to be added
 - LGs ability to work together towards joint reductions
 - Specifics of joint compliance included in Trading Framework
- Methods & Load Reduction Needs in progress
 - Methods for Estimating Post-Baseline Stormwater Loads
 - Estimating Onsite Wastewater & Collection System Loads





- Credit Practices aka Credit Catalog in progress
- Trading Framework *in progress*
- Supporting Info
 - Rule Requirements
 - Guidance for adjusting load reduction needs
- Annual Reporting Requirements needs updating





- Identify revisions needs & update draft document Ongoing
- Develop individual credit practices Ongoing
- Present Draft Revised Trading Framework to NSAB April/May
- Draft Jurisdictional Loads April
- Share Draft Model Program w/ UNRBA This Summer
- Present Final Model Program Sept. WQC / Nov. EMC



Nutrient Credit Practices

In Progress – Complete by September '18	Additional Practices
Buffer Improvement in Developed Areas	Stream Restoration
Forest Preservation	Urban Tree Canopy
Storm Drain Cleanout	Cropland Conversion
Wastewater Regionalization / Overtreatment	Bioswales
Street Sweeping	Rural Buffer Restoration
Remedy Malfunctioning Septic Systems	Regenerative Stormwater Conveyance
Remedy Discharging Sand filters	
Urban Reforestation	

Note: Practices can continue to be added to catalog over time





What are Delivery Factors/Zones?

Values used to account for the fractional in-stream loss of nutrients through various biogeochemical processes between the nutrient source and the destination waterbody.

- Delivery factors/transport factors → the percentage leaving the source that reaches the destination waterbody.
- Trapping factors → the percentage leaving the source that is retained and does not reach the destination waterbody.
- Delivery zones → grouping of small watersheds by their delivery/trapping factors in a watershed model.





Purpose / How are they used

Delivery factors provide a common currency (delivered pounds) for nutrient debits and credits generated anywhere in the watershed.

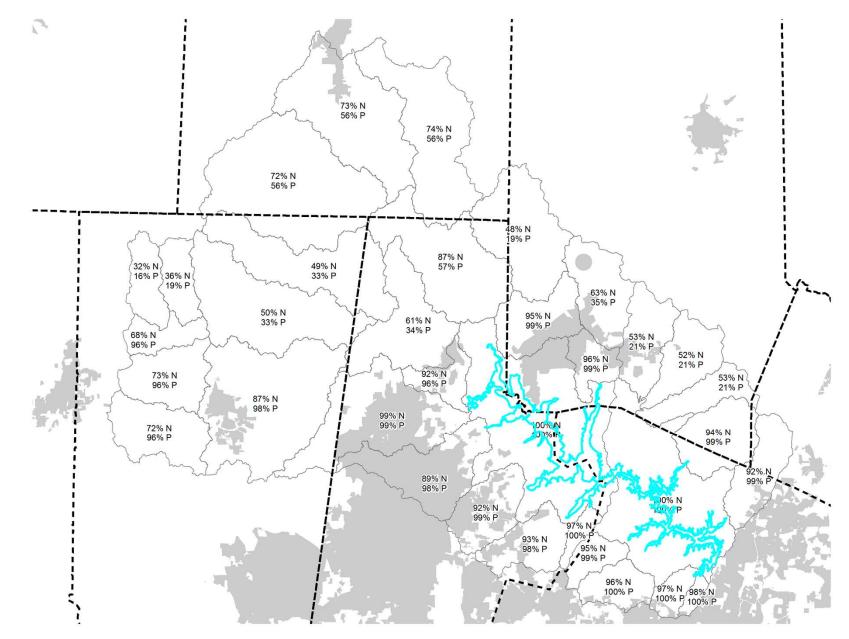
They enable trading between entities and nutrient-generating sectors.

Delivery factors may be set up to apply to:

- New Development offset (buy-down)
- Existing Development nutrient reduction projects
- Nutrient credit banks (such as through riparian restoration)
- Wastewater dischargers
- Joint compliance (wastewater dischargers, existing development, multiple jurisdictions)



Falls Lake Delivery Zones





SNAP Tool Rollout

- Delivery Factors whether to use or not must be resolved first
- Required for New Dev and SCM retrofit of Existing Dev
- 6 months for implementation from date of DWR approval
- Previously-approved projects grandfathered
- Tool Support:
 - Training session with LG Plan Reviewers
 - NCSU SNAP training for anyone (not specific to plan review)
 - Bug fixes by DWR as needed
 - Changes in calculation method/inputs will have a public input process





NEXT STEPS

- Work ongoing w/ LGs on individual basis using steps laid out at Jan PFC
- March: Complete 2nd Round of Conference Calls with LGs
- April: Draft Results and Method Descriptions from LGs
 - In time for April PFC meeting technical questions session



QUESTIONS

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